



# Continuous Database Design

Entwicklertag Karlsruhe  
Mai 2017

**Orientation in Objects GmbH**

Weinheimer Str. 68  
68309 Mannheim

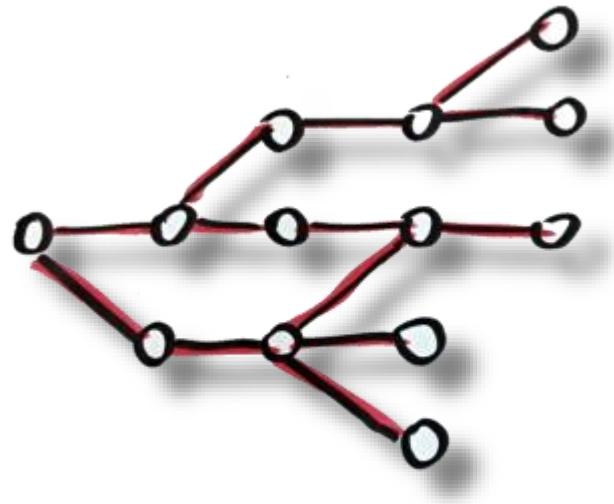
[www.oio.de](http://www.oio.de)  
[info@oio.de](mailto:info@oio.de)

## Thorsten Maier

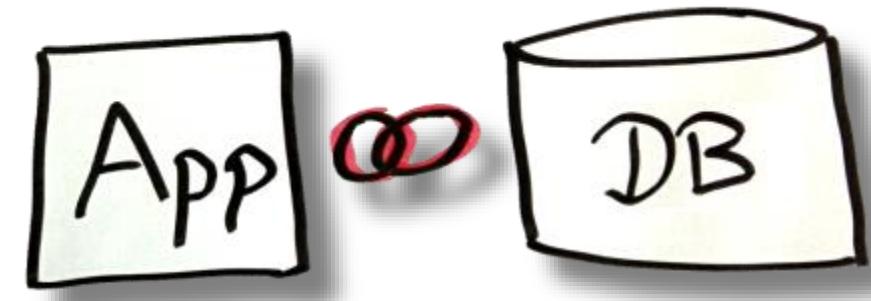
*Trainer, Berater, Entwickler*



 @ThorstenMaier

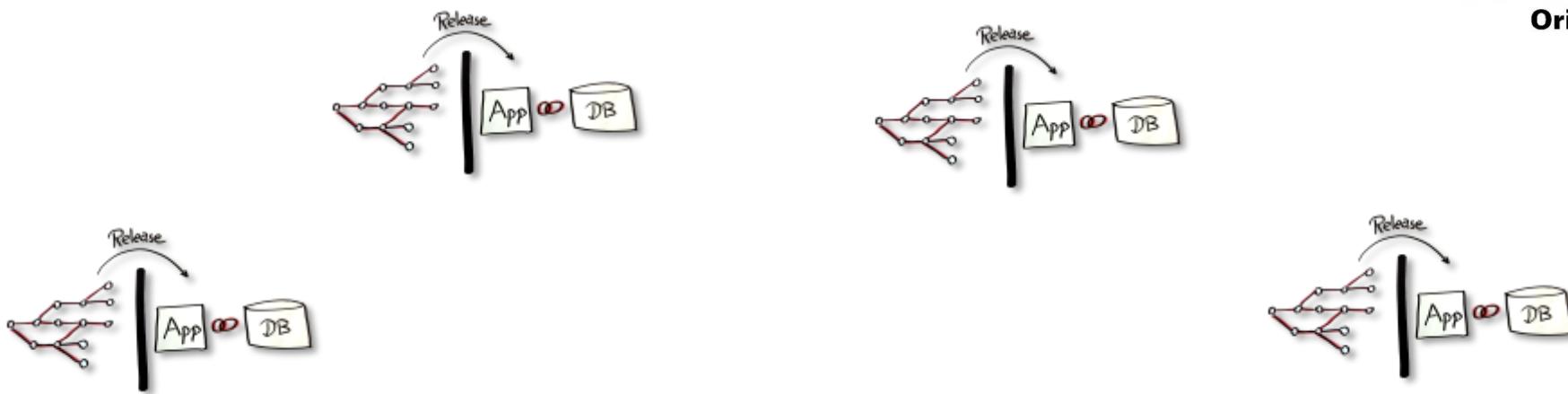


Die Welt der Entwickler

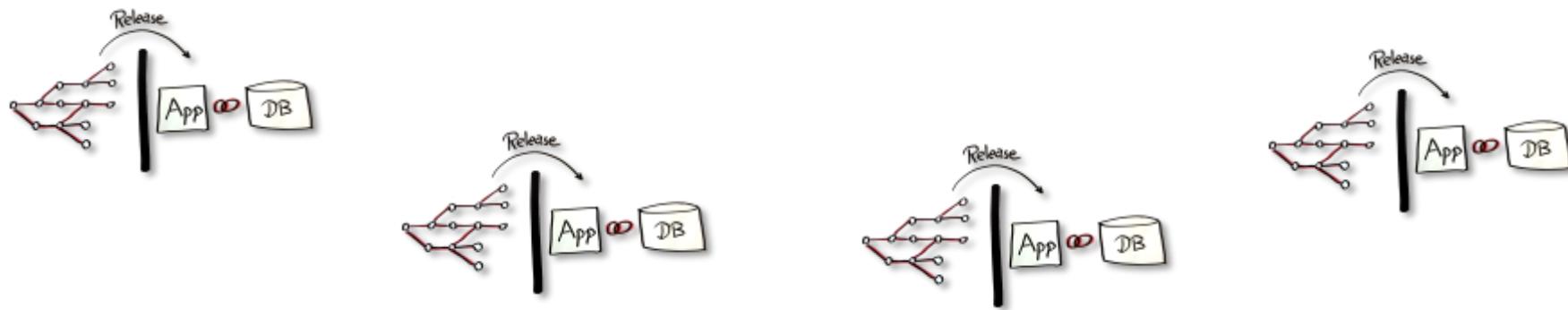


Die Welt des Betriebs





# *Continuous Delivery*



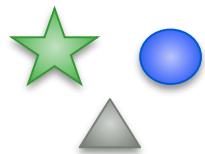
*Wann Continuous Delivery?*

# **Schnelle Reaktion auf Anforderungsänderungen**

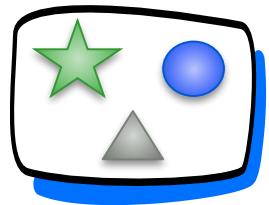
*Was brauchen wir dazu?*

***Automatisierung***

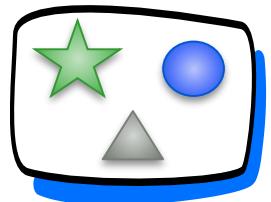
***Modularisierung***



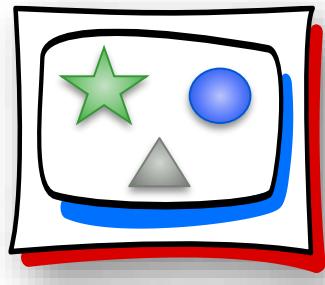
3 Bausteine



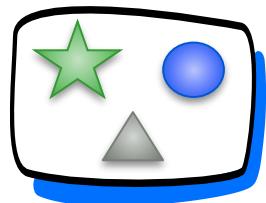
Anwendung mit 3 Bausteinen



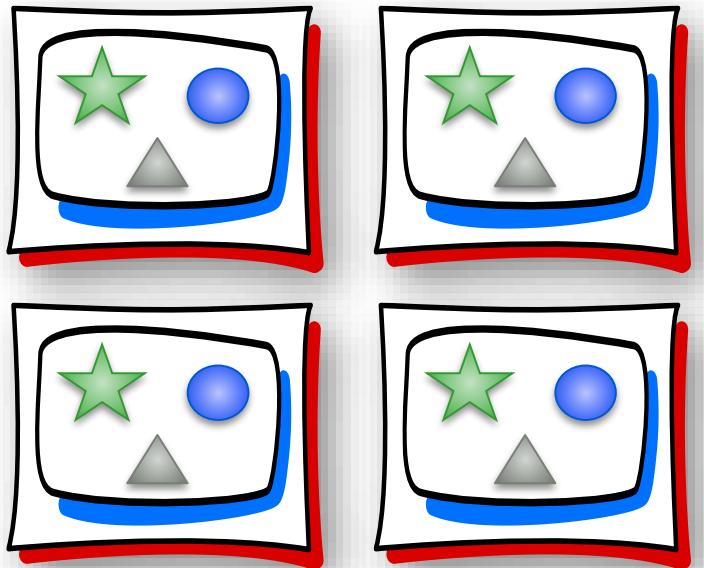
Anwendung mit 3 Bausteinen



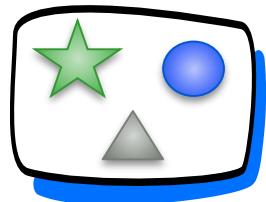
Deployment auf einem Server



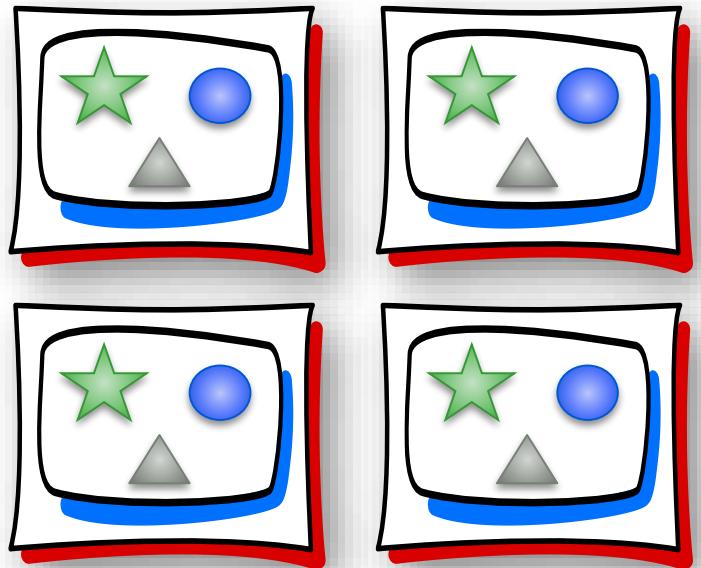
Anwendung mit 3 Bausteinen



Baustein  wird 4 mal benötigt



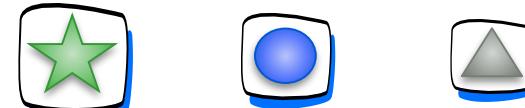
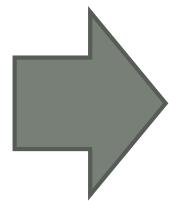
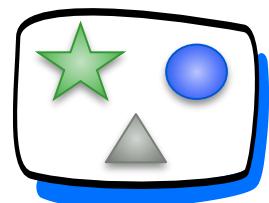
Anwendung mit 3 Bausteinen



Baustein  wird 4 mal benötigt

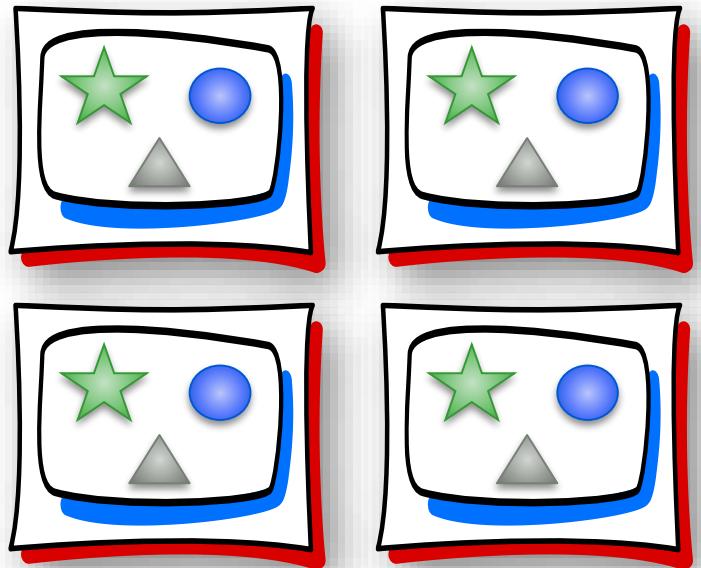
## Nachteile

- wird nur 2 mal benötigt
- Änderung an • erfordert Reploy von 

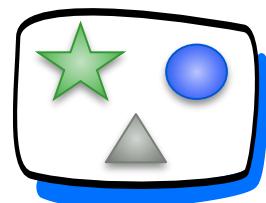


Anwendung mit 3 Bausteinen

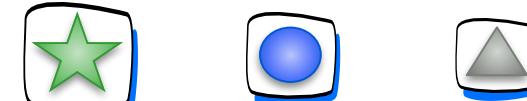
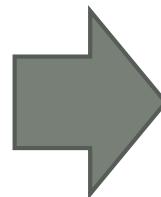
Unabhängige Artefakte



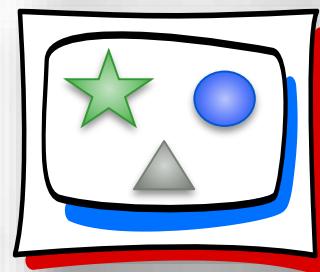
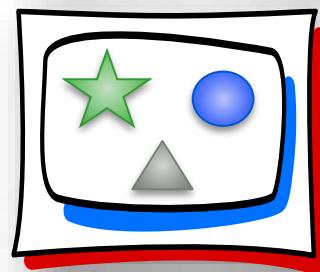
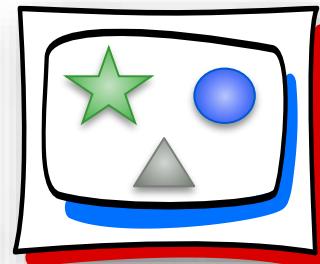
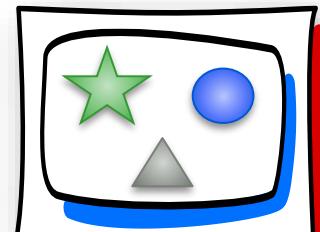
Baustein  wird 4 mal benötigt



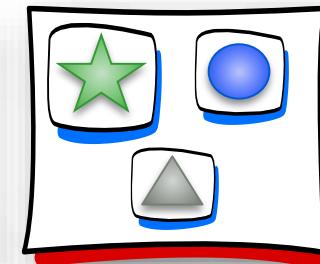
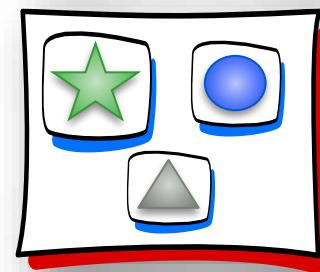
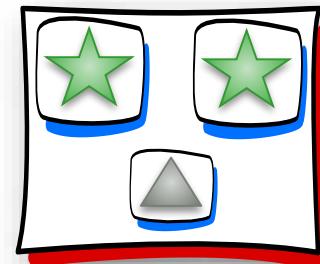
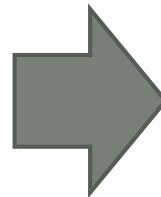
Anwendung mit 3 Bausteinen



Unabhängige Artefakte



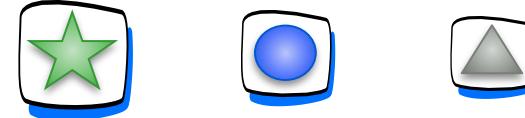
Baustein wird 4 mal benötigt



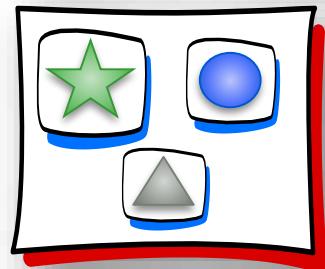
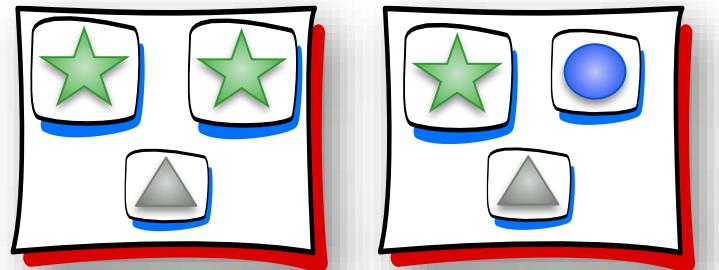
**Flexible Skalierung auf 3 Server**

# Vorteile

- Isolierte Entwicklung**
- Schnellere Reaktionszeiten**
- Austauschen im laufenden Betrieb**
- Continuous Delivery wird möglich**



Unabhängige Artefakte

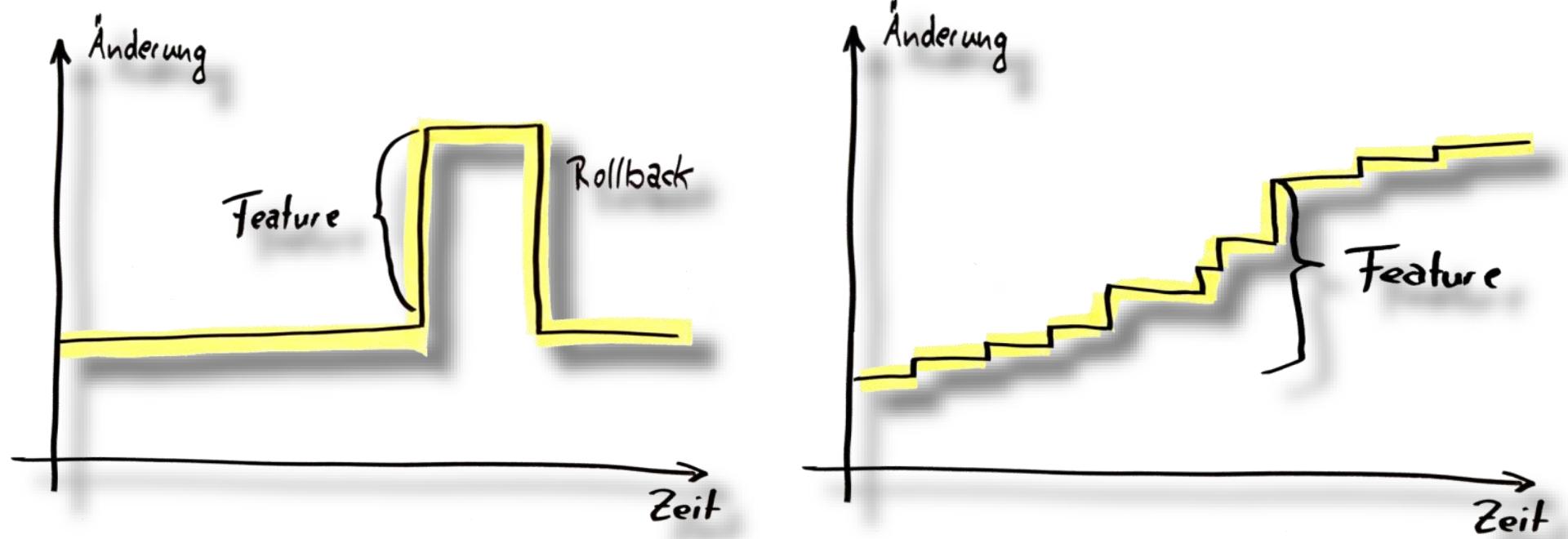


**Flexible Skalierung auf 3 Server**

*Was brauchen wir noch?*

***Umdenken was ein Feature ist***

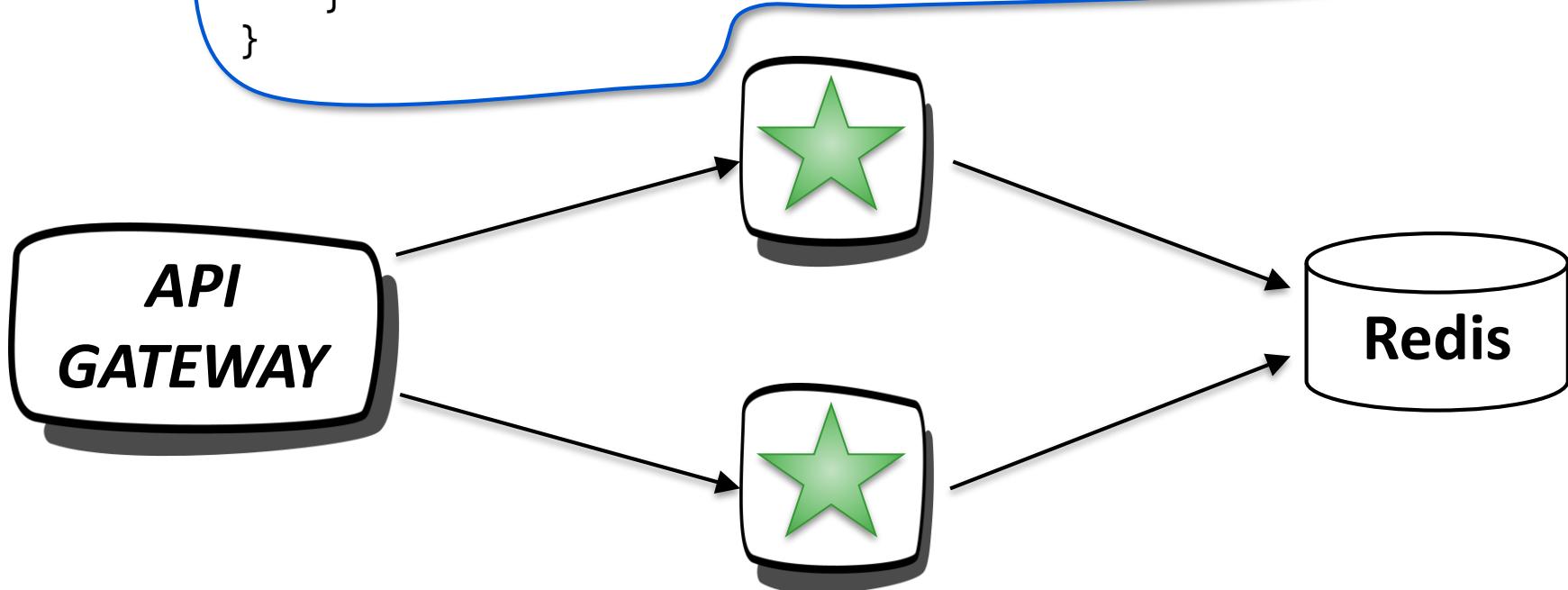
***30 Feature pro Tag?***



Deploy ≠ Feature Launch

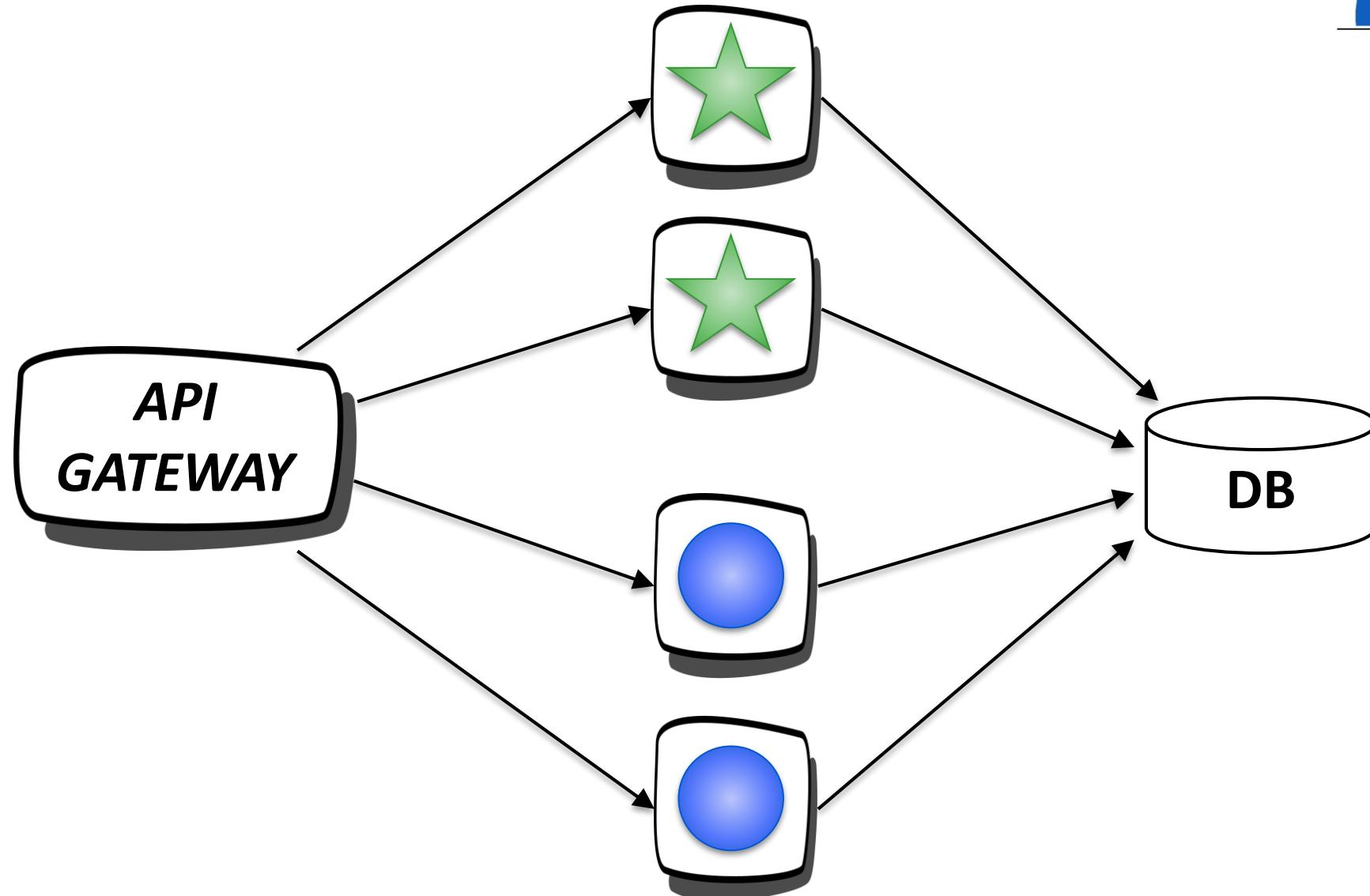
*Wir brauchen noch mehr*  
**Zustandslose Anwendung**

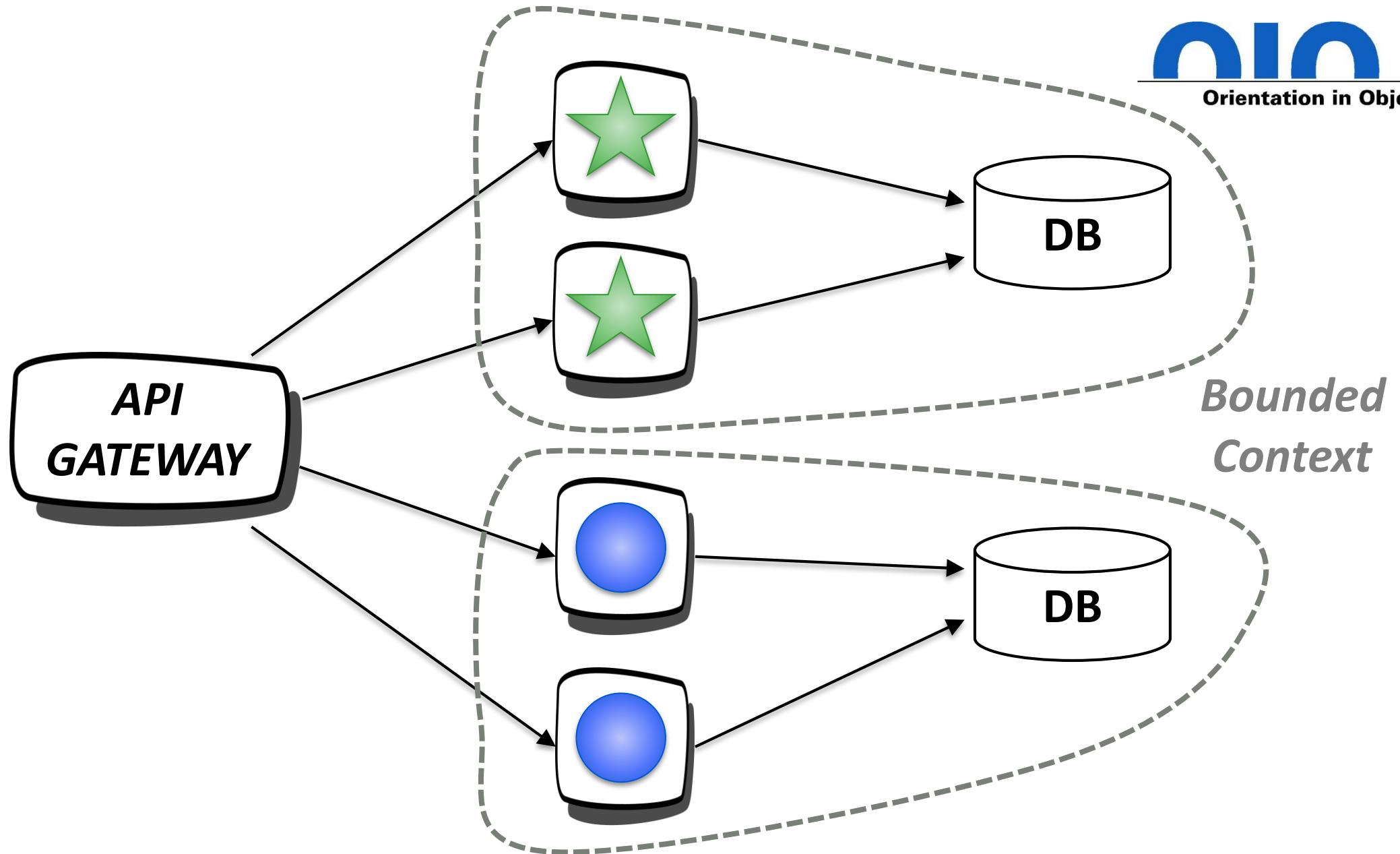
```
@EnableRedisHttpSession
public class SpringSessionConfig {
    @Bean
    public JedisConnectionFactory connectionFactory() {
        return new JedisConnectionFactory();
    }
}
```



*Wie viele Datenbanken haben wir eigentlich?*

***Eine? Mehrere?***





*Schemaänderungen*

# **Wie ändern wir das Schema?**

```
public class Person {
    private String firstname;
}
```



	<b>id [PK] bigint</b>	<b>firstname character var</b>
<b>1</b>	1	Thorsten
<b>2</b>	2	Max
<b>3</b>	3	John
<b>4</b>	4	Dieter

```
public class Person {
    private String firstname;
    private String lastname;
}
```



	<b>id [PK] bigint</b>	<b>firstname character varying(255)</b>	<b>lastname character varying(255)</b>
<b>1</b>	1	Thorsten	Maier
<b>2</b>	2	Max	Mustermann
<b>3</b>	3	John	Doe
<b>4</b>	4	Dieter	Develop



## Hibernate: `hbm2ddl.auto=update` in production?

52

Is it okay to run Hibernate applications configured with `hbm2ddl.auto=update` to update the database schema in a production environment?



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52

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### 13 Answers

active

oldest

**votes**

70

NOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOO! :)

It's unsafe.

Despite folks in Hib do their best, you simply cannot rely on automatic updates **in production**. Write your own patches, review them with DBA, test them, then apply them manually.

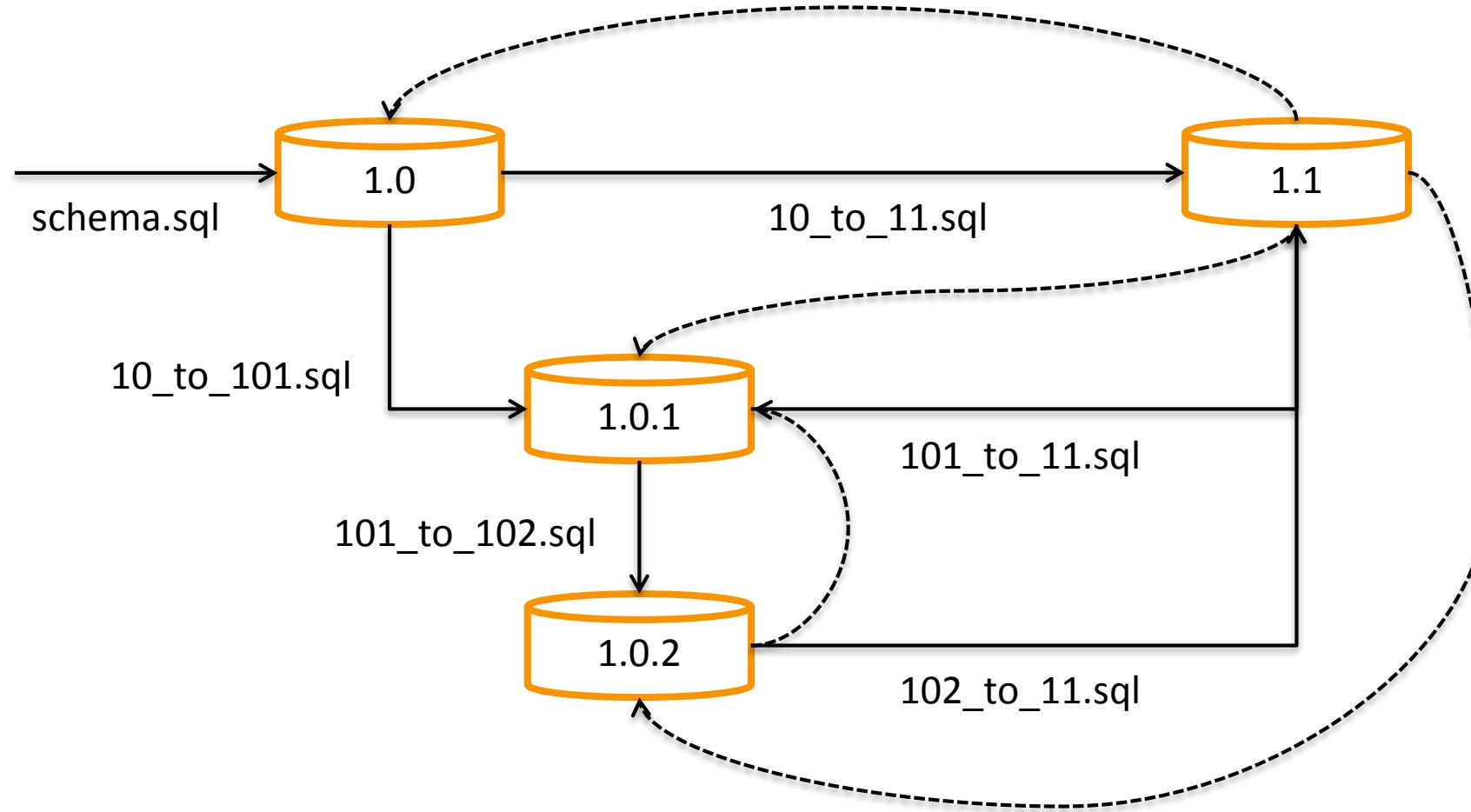
Theoretically, if `hbm2ddl` update worked **in development**, it should work in production too. But in reality, it's not always the case. :-)

Even if it worked OK, it may be suboptimal. DBAs are paid that much for a reason.

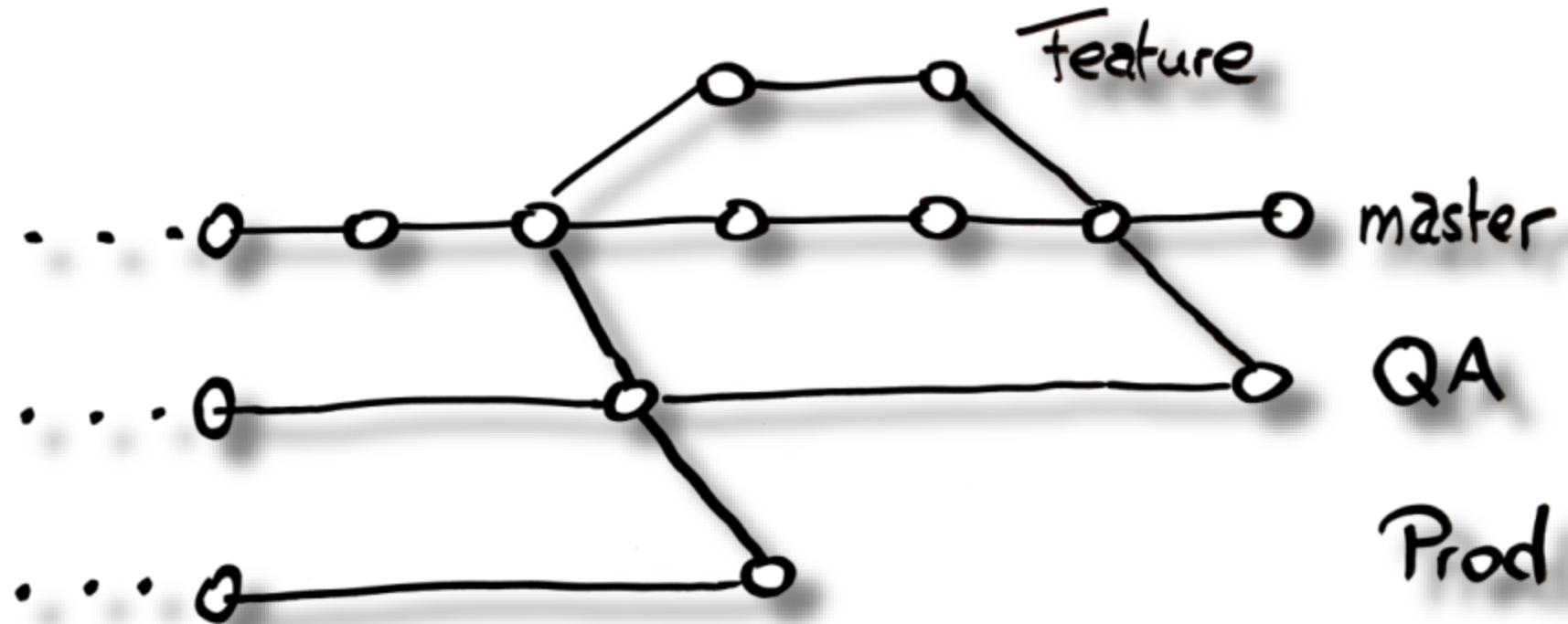
<http://stackoverflow.com/questions/221379/hibernate-hbm2ddl-auto-update-in-production>

„Vor dem Update von **Version 1.0.2** auf **1.1**  
musst du erst noch **die neuen SQL-Skript einspielen.**“

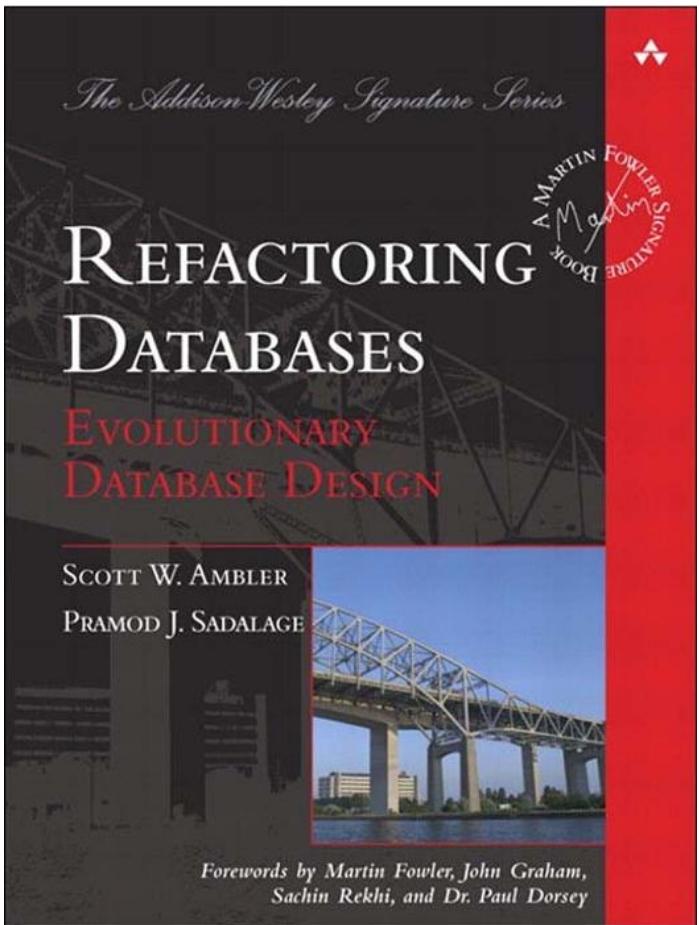
-  090123012\_HSQL\_DB\_create\_constraints\_DDL.sql
-  090123025\_HSQL\_DB\_KARF.ReportingUnit\_insert\_test\_data.sql
-  090123036\_HSQL\_DB\_KARF.Currency\_insert\_test\_data.sql
-  090123037\_HSQL\_DB\_KARF.LocalBusinessUnit\_insert\_test\_data.sql
-  091300022\_HSQL\_DB\_Parts.PartNumberGroup\_insert\_test\_data.sql
-  091300023\_HSQL\_DB\_Parts.GlobalPartNumber\_insert\_test\_data.sql
-  091300027\_HSQL\_DB\_KARF.AssignmentRules\_insert\_test\_data.sql
-  091652021\_HSQL\_DB\_SourceSystem.SourceSystem\_insert\_test\_data.sql
-  100432010\_HSQL\_DB\_drop\_schemata\_tables\_DDL.sql
-  100432024\_HSQL\_DB\_Parts.LocalPartNumber\_insert\_test\_data.sql
-  100432026\_HSQL\_DB\_SourceSystem.SourceSystem\_ReportUnit\_insert\_test\_data.sql
-  100614044\_HSQL\_DB\_KARF.CountryClass\_insert\_test\_data.sql
-  114446035\_HSQL\_DB\_KARF.Country\_insert\_test\_data.sql
-  122135032\_HSQL\_DB\_KARF.BusinessUnit\_insert\_test\_data.sql
-  122135033\_HSQL\_DB\_KARF.ProductGroup\_insert\_test\_data.sql
-  122323034\_HSQL\_DB\_KARF.ActivityType\_insert\_test\_data.sql
-  122323038\_HSQL\_DB\_KARF.LocalProductGroupUnit\_insert\_test\_data.sql
-  135817051\_HSQL\_DB\_MDF.MDFCodeLocation\_insert\_test\_data.sql
-  142308031\_HSQL\_DB\_KARF.Division\_insert\_test\_data.sql
-  154725011\_HSQL\_DB\_create\_schemata\_tables\_DDL.sql



# Eigentlich noch komplizierter

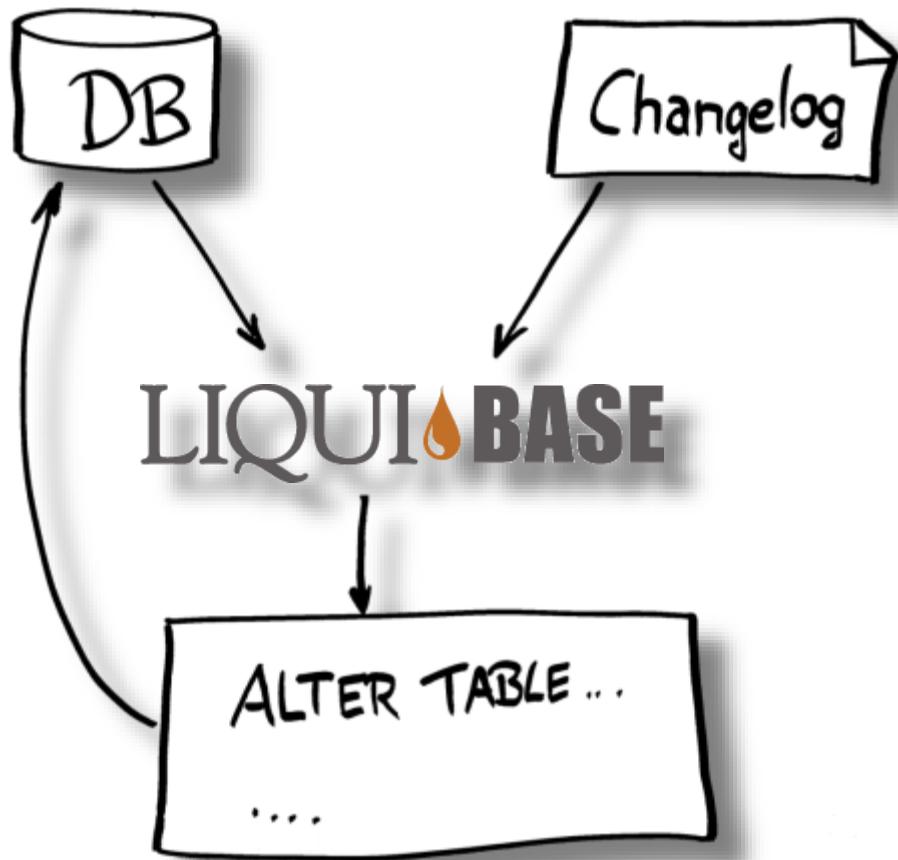


# Die Lösung



LIQUI<sup>DB</sup>ASE





```
<changeSet author="tmaier" id="1495491474">
  <createTable schemaName="public" tableName="person">
    <column name="address" type="varchar(255)"/>
  </createTable>
</changeSet>
```

# Metadaten in der Datenbank

The screenshot shows a Windows application window titled "Edit Data - Lokal (localhost:5432) - .databasechangelog". The window contains a table with 14 rows of data, representing database change logs. The columns are: id, author, filename, date, description, and two columns with abbreviations. The "description" column contains actions like "Create Table", "Add Foreign Key Constraint", and "Modify Column". The "date" column shows dates such as 2013-09-20 and 2013-09-20 10:49:00.

	<b>id</b> [PK] character varying	<b>author</b> [PK] character varying	<b>filename</b> [PK] character varying	<b>date</b> timestamp	<b>description</b> character varying(255)	c ch	t ch	a ch	l ch
<b>1</b>	1286898681365-1	tmaier (generated)	1.1-schema-diff.xml	2013-09-20 10:39:00	Create Table	"	"	1.9	"
<b>2</b>	1286898681365-10	tmaier (generated)	1.1-schema-diff.xml	2013-09-20 10:49:00	Add Foreign Key Constraint	"	"	1.9	"
<b>3</b>	1286898681365-11	tmaier (generated)	1.1-schema-diff.xml	2013-09-20 10:22:00	Add Foreign Key Constraint	"	"	1.9	"
<b>4</b>	1286898681365-12	tmaier (generated)	1.1-schema-diff.xml	2013-09-20 10:63:00	Add Foreign Key Constraint	"	"	1.9	"
<b>5</b>	1286898681365-13	tmaier (generated)	1.1-schema-diff.xml	2013-09-20 10:66:00	Add Foreign Key Constraint	"	"	1.9	"
<b>6</b>	1286898681365-14	tmaier (generated)	1.1-schema-diff.xml	2013-09-20 10:43:00	Add Foreign Key Constraint	"	"	1.9	"
<b>7</b>	1286898681365-15	tmaier (generated)	1.1-schema-diff.xml	2013-09-20 10:32:00	Create Sequence	"	"	1.9	"
<b>8</b>	1286898681365-16	tmaier (generated)	1.1-schema-diff.xml	2013-09-20 10:86:00	Create Sequence	"	"	1.9	"
<b>9</b>	1286898681365-2	tmaier (generated)	1.1-schema-diff.xml	2013-09-20 10:57:00	Create Table	"	"	1.9	"
<b>10</b>	1286898681365-3	tmaier (generated)	1.1-schema-diff.xml	2013-09-20 10:33:00	Create Table	"	"	1.9	"
<b>11</b>	1286898681365-4	tmaier (generated)	1.1-schema-diff.xml	2013-09-20 10:10:00	Add Column	"	"	1.9	"
<b>12</b>	1286898681365-5	tmaier (generated)	1.1-schema-diff.xml	2013-09-20 10:40:00	Add Column	"	"	1.9	"
<b>13</b>	1286898681365-6	tmaier (generated)	1.1-schema-diff.xml	2013-09-20 10:49:00	Add Column	"	"	1.9	"
<b>14</b>	1286898681365-7	tmaier (generated)	1.1-schema-diff.xml	2013-09-20 10:66:00	Modify Column	"	"	1.9	"

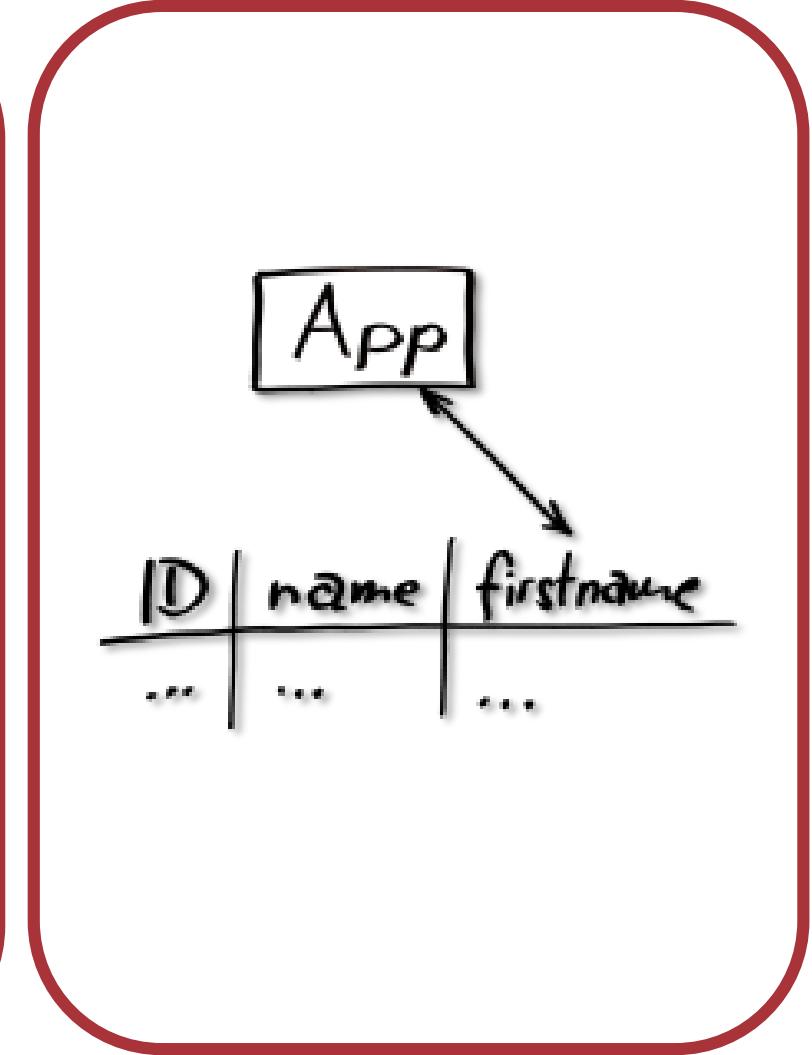
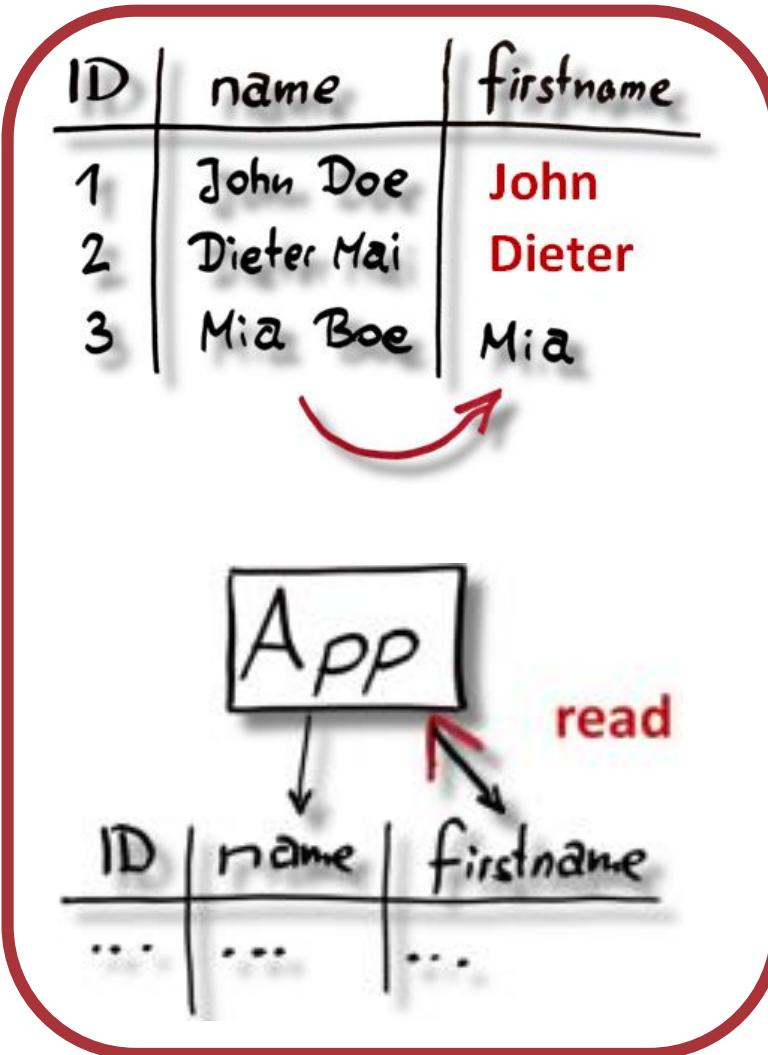
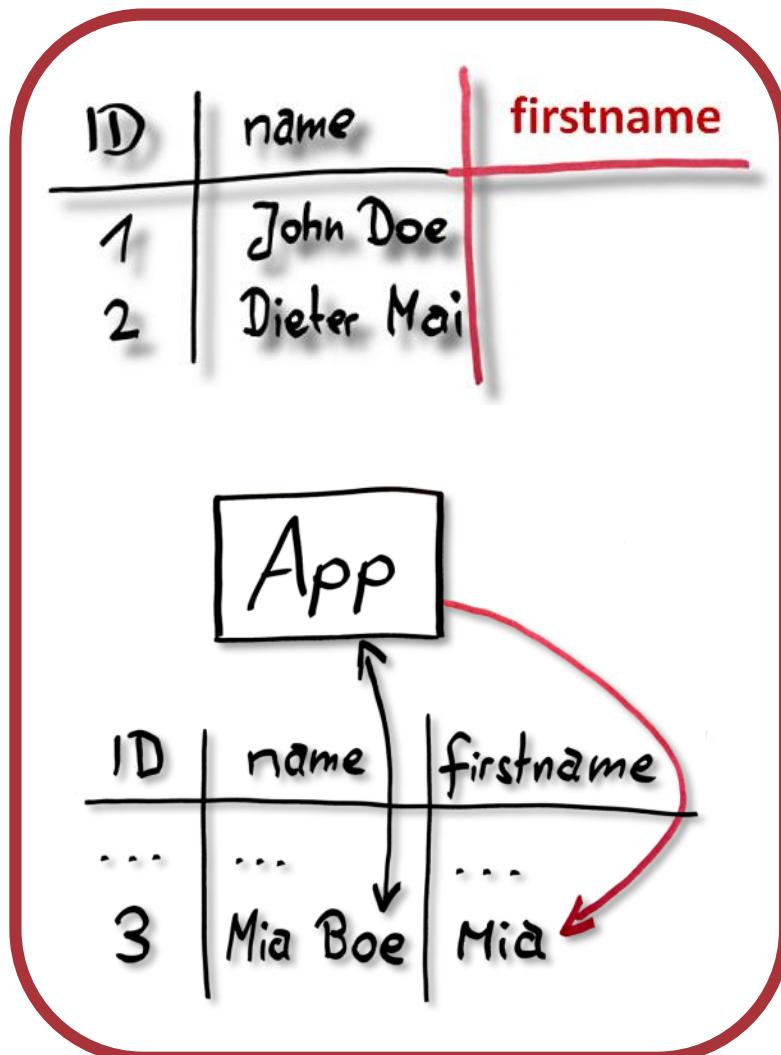
*Liquibase aktualisiert  
beim Starten der Anwendung  
automatisch die Datenbank.*

# BEISPIEL

Ersetze die Spalte **Name**  
durch die Spalte  
**Vorname**

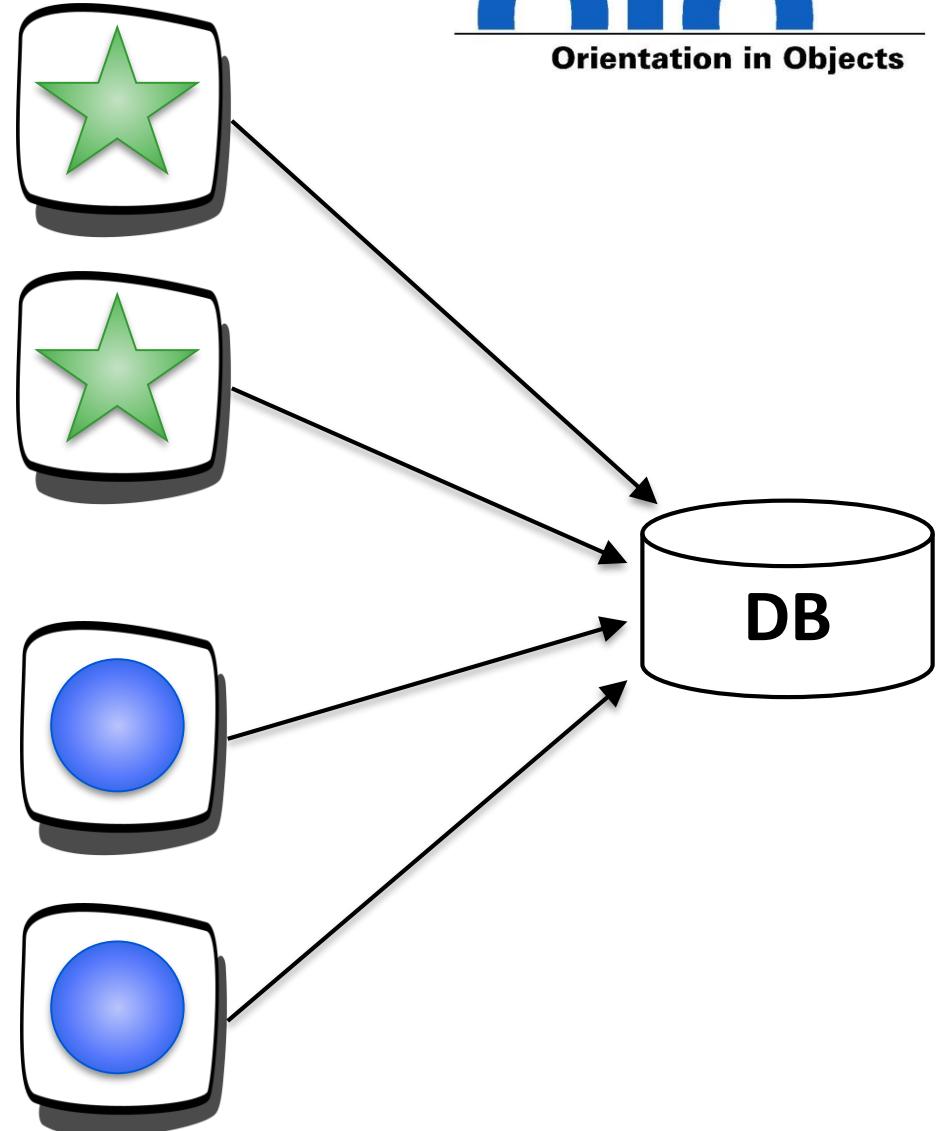
John

John Doe



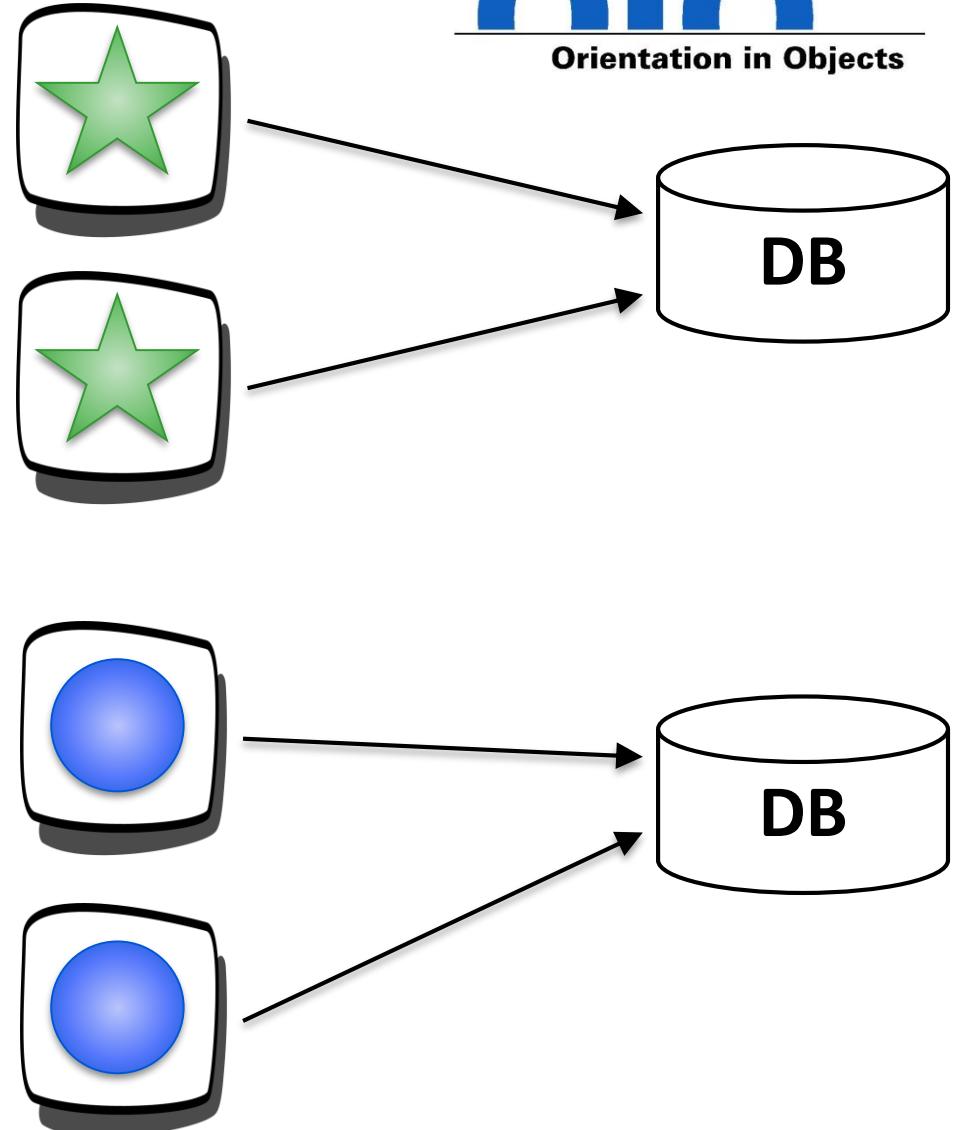
**Wer** ändert wann die DB?

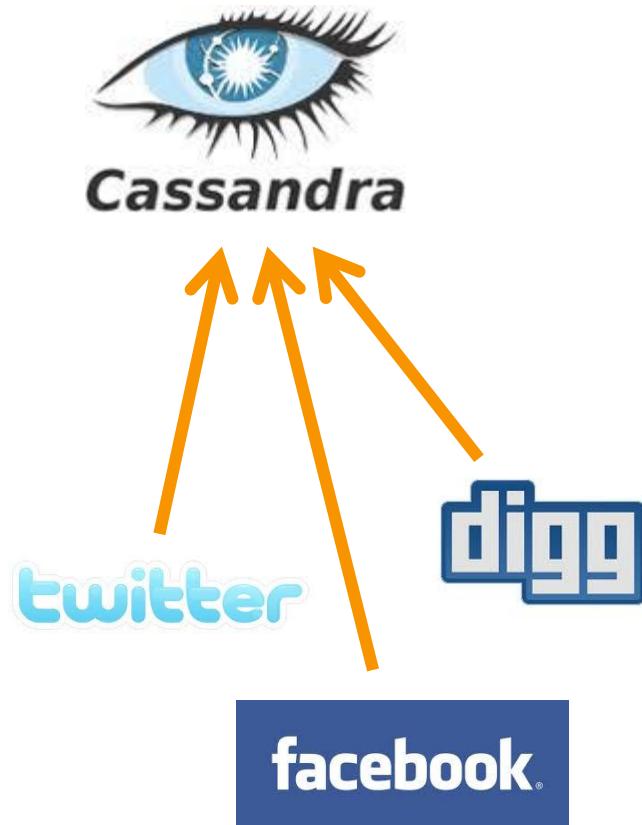
*It depends ;-)*



*Ab einer gewissen  
Größe nur noch so!*

*Zu viele Köche*





*Warum nehmen wir eigentlich keine  
schemalose NoSQL DB?*

# *Relationale Datenbanken skalieren nicht*

*Warum?*

*Normalisierung => Joins*

*Forderung nach Konsistenz => Transaktionen*

# NoSQL

=

*Relationale Datenbank*

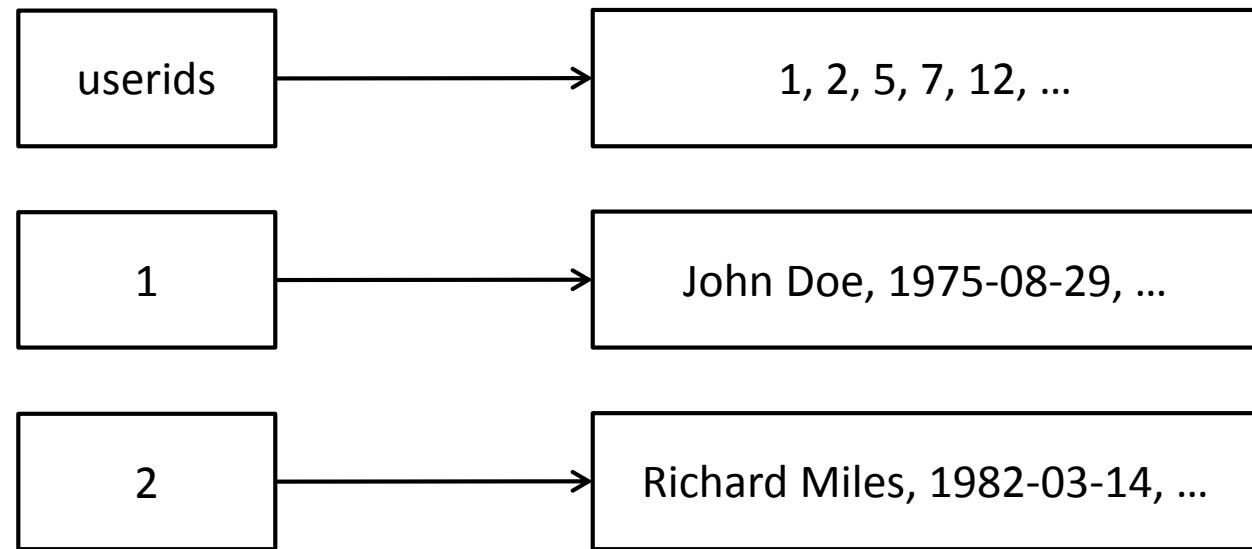
- *Transaktionen - Normalisierung - Joins - Konsistenz - hartes Schema*

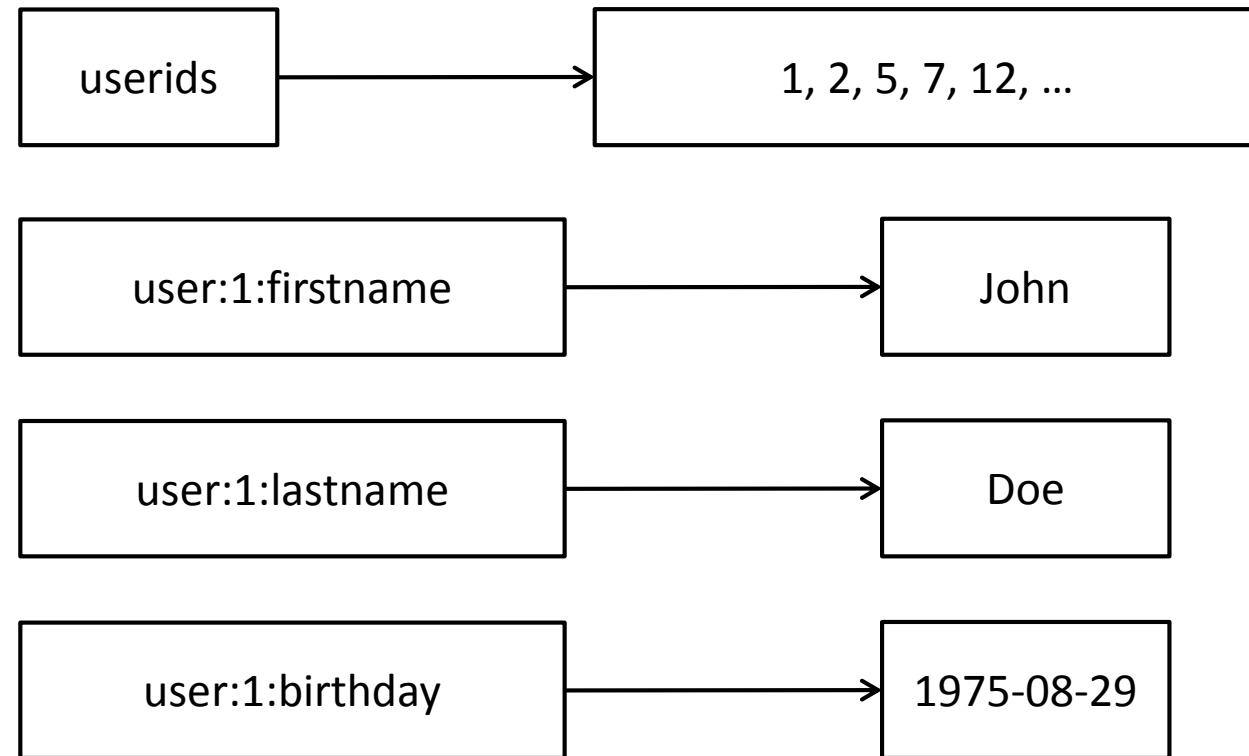
**(+) Skalierung**

**(+) Performance**

*Datenmodellierung NoSQL*

***Konkret für den Anwendungsfall***  
***Denormalisierung und Duplizierung sind normal***

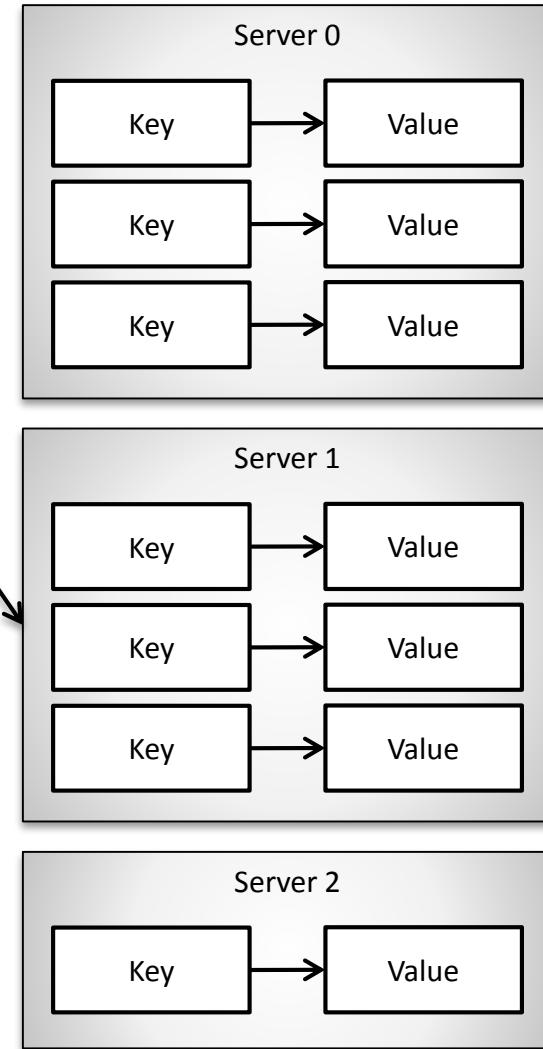


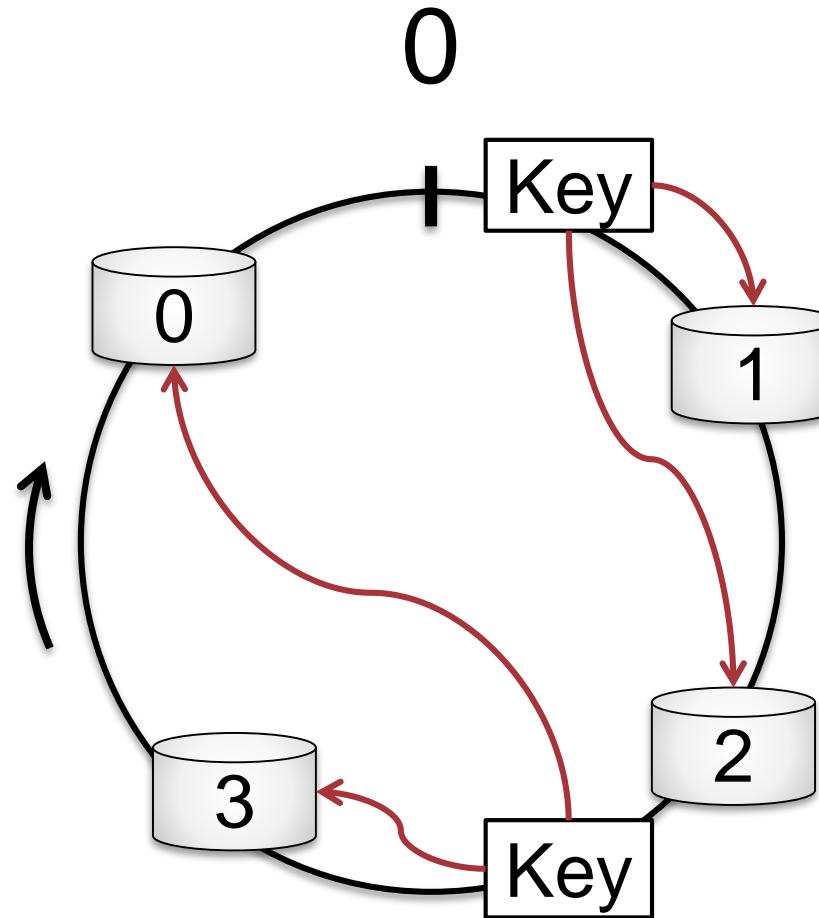


user:tmaier:name

**Key-Hash:** 39E5DC60AAD55349  
**Modulo Anzahl der Server (3):** 1

→ Key auf Server 1 speichern





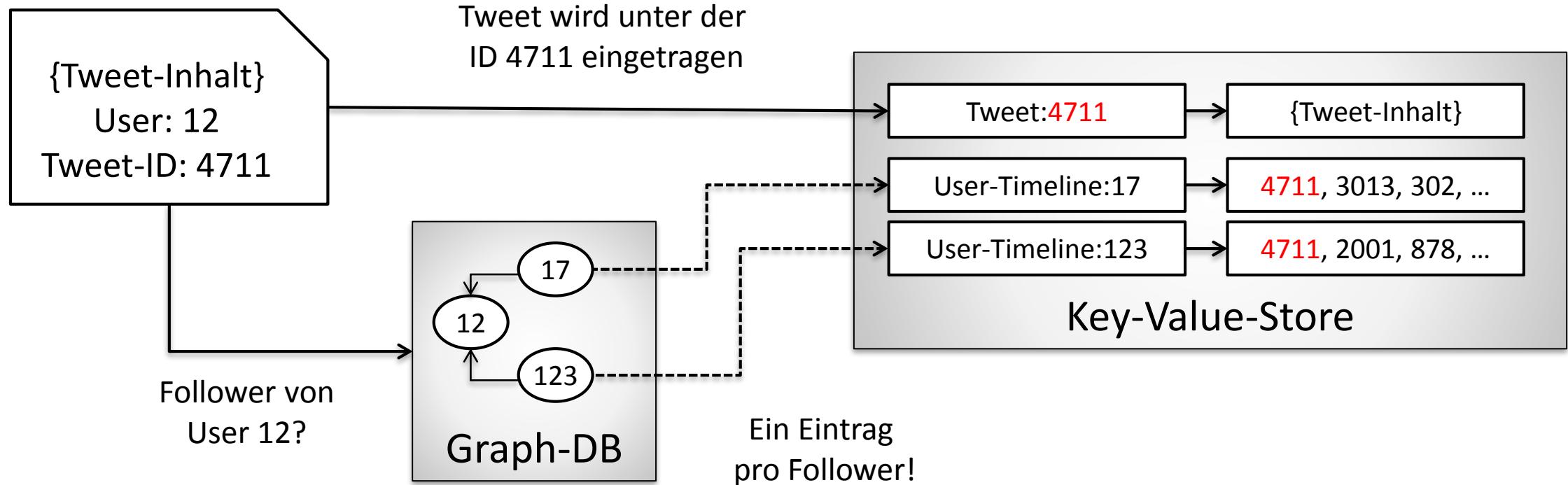
# Twitter

*Viel Aktion beim Schreiben,  
wenig beim Lesen*

**300.000** reads/sec

**6000** writes/sec

 @ThorstenMaier



# NoSQL?

*Falls die **Anforderungen** passen!*

*Anwendung kümmert sich um das „**Schema**“*



**Orientation in Objects GmbH**

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[www.oio.de](http://www.oio.de)  
[info@oio.de](mailto:info@oio.de)



**Vielen Dank für ihre  
Aufmerksamkeit !**

**Orientation in Objects GmbH**

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68309 Mannheim

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[info@oio.de](mailto:info@oio.de)